

B.Sc. BIOCHEMISTRY SYLLABUS UNDER CBCS
(With effect from 2016-2017)
DSC-1A (Theory)

Paper-1 BIOMOLECULES

CREDITS: 4

MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

Unit I: Carbohydrates

- 1.1.1. Monosaccharides - structure of aldoses and ketoses, ring structure of sugars, conformations of sugars, mutarotation, anomers, epimers and enantiomers,
- 1.2. Structure of biologically important sugar derivatives, oxidation of sugars. Formation of disaccharides, reducing and nonreducing disaccharides.
- 1.3. Polysaccharides – homo- and heteropolysaccharides, structural and Storage polysaccharides.
- 1.4. Structure and role of proteoglycans, glycoproteins and glycolipids (gangliosides and lipopolysaccharides). Carbohydrates as informational molecules.

Unit II: Lipids

- 2.1. Lipids – classification and general properties of lipids.
- 2.2. Fatty acids, glycerol, ceramide; Storage lipids - triacyl glycerol and waxes.
- 2.3. Structural lipids in membranes – glycerophospholipids, galactolipids and sulpholipids, sphingolipids and sterols. Structure, distribution and role of membrane lipids.
- 2.4. Lipids as signals and cofactors. Eicosanoids-structure & functions.

Unit III: Amino acids and Proteins

- 3.1. Structure and classification, physical, chemical and optical properties of amino acids.
- 3.2. Naturally occurring peptides. Outlines of protein classification
- 3.3. Structural organisation of proteins. Protein denaturation and renaturation
- 3.4. Proteolytic enzymes. Outlines of protein sequencing

Unit IV: Nucleic acids

- 4.1. Nucleotides - structure and properties. Nucleic acid structure – Watson - Crick Model of DNA
- 4.2. Structure of major species of RNA - mRNA, tRNA and rRNA.
- 4.3. Nucleic acid chemistry- UV absorption, effect of acid and alkali on DNA.
- 4.4. Functions of nucleotides - source of energy, component of coenzymes, second messengers.